ENGS-171 – INDUSTRIAL ECOLOGY- DARTMOUTH COLLEGE

SOME USEFUL NUMBERS Compiled by Benoit Cushman-Roisin

ENERGY PRODUCTION

1 barrel of oil weighs 106 kg. 1 **barrel of oil** holds 42 US gallons = $0.159 \text{ m}^3 = 5.8 \text{ x} 10^6 \text{ Btu} = 6.12 \text{ x} 10^9 \text{ J}$ 10⁶ ft³ (28300 m³) of **natural gas** is equivalent to 172 barrels of **crude oil** Combustion – Incineration: 1 kg of wood \rightarrow 17.6 MJ 1 cord of seasoned firewood (8'x 4'x 4') \rightarrow 20 million BTUs = 21,100 MJ (Note: A typical woodstove is only 60-70% efficient; the rest of the heat goes out the chimney) 1 kg of wood pellets \rightarrow 19.1 MJ 1 kg of paper \rightarrow 20 MJ Domestic compost \rightarrow 9,000 to 10,000 BTUs/lb = 22 MJ/kg in form of heat 1 kg of **municipal garbage** \rightarrow 12 MJ 1 kg of **polystyrene** \rightarrow 40 MJ 1 kg of **dung** \rightarrow 15 MJ 1 kg of coal \rightarrow 23 to 42 MJ 1 kg of **bitumous coal** \rightarrow 30 MJ 1 kg of **crude oil** \rightarrow 43 MJ 1 kg of gasoline \rightarrow 44 to 47 MJ, or 31 MJ/L on volume basis 1 kg of **natural gas** \rightarrow 43 MJ 1 gallon of **liquified propane** \rightarrow 91,500 BTUs = 96.5 MJ, or 25.5 MJ/L 1 kg of **liquified natural gas** \rightarrow 35 MJ 1 kg of **ethanol** \rightarrow 29.8 MJ 1 kg of **methanol** \rightarrow 20 MJ 1kg of **hydrogen** \rightarrow 142.5 MJ 1 L of **liquified hydrogen** → 8.4 MJ 1 ton of **Uranium-235** (235 U) = 70 x 10¹² BTUs = 7.4 x 10¹⁶ J

Wood to ethanol conversion: 1 kg of wood yields 0.33 kg of ethanol.

WATER, OIL & ENERGY CONSUMPTION

Average **fuel efficiency**:

personal vehicles in the USA: 24 mpg (9.8 L/100 km) diesel freight trucks in the USA: 8.5 mpg (L/100 km)

Automobile at 55 mph (90 km/h) consumes 28 kW of power

Energy used in transportation of freight:			
Airplanes	31,600 BTUs/ton-mile = 20.7 MJ/ton-km		
Trucks	4,400 BTUs/ton-mile = 2.9 MJ/ton-km		
Trains	371 BTUs/ton-mile = 0.24 MJ/ton-km		
Ships	411 BTUs/ton-mile = 0.27 MJ/ton-km		
Energy used in transportation of people:			
Private airplane	9,600 BTUs/passenger-mile = 6.3 MJ/passenger-km		
Air carrier	3,600 BTUs/passenger-mile = 2.4 MJ/passenger-km		
SUV, light truck	5,900 BTUs/passenger-mile = 3.9 MJ/passenger-km		
Automobile	3,600 BTUs/passenger-mile = 2.4 MJ/passenger-km		
Motorcycle	1,900 BTUs/passenger-mile = 1.2 MJ/passenger-km		
Mass transit	3,000 BTUs/passenger-mile = 2.0 MJ/passenger-km		

To produce 1 kg of **plastics** takes 2 kg of petroleum.

To produce a 2-gram computer chip

takes 32 kg of water, 1.6 kg of fossil fuel, 700 g of elemental gases (mainly N_2), and 72 g of chemicals takes 41.2 MJ

A 2-gram computer chip consumes 15.0 MJ during its lifetime.

1 Liter of **gasoline** \rightarrow 2 kg of CO₂

1 kWh of **electricity** from a typical fossil-fuel power plant \rightarrow 0.689 kg of CO₂

Human person, sitting = 60 watts = 860 calories/minute = 0.86 Calorie/minute **Human** person, running = 1000 watts = 14,340 calories/minute = 14.34 Calorie/minute A **human** person requires a daily food intake of

2000 Calories = 2000 kcal = 2×10^{6} calories = 7,940 BTUs = 8370 kJ

This is equivalent to a power consumption of about 100 watts/person There are 3,500 kcal in 1 lb (0.454 kg) of fat.

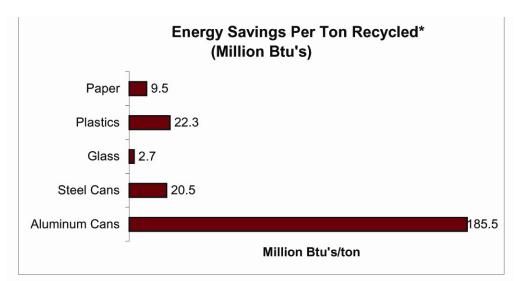
It has been estimated that it takes 10 times as much energy to produce, process, transport and refrigerate food as there is energy in the food (Nathan Lewis, Cal Tech).

Paper: 600 trees on an acre (1500 trees on 1 hectare) each tree requires 130 gallons (490 L) of water for growth 50 gallons (189 L) of water for processing into paper A cord of wood is 8ft x 4 ft x 4ft and, if air dried and consisting of hardwoods weighs about 2 short tons, about 15-20% of which is water A cord of wood makes 1000 to 2000 lbs of paper (depending on process) 1 metric ton of paper contains 440 reams 1 ream of paper contains 500 sheets and weighs 5 lbs = 2.27 kg. production of 1 metric ton of paper requires 17 trees 12,770 MJ of energy 25 m³ of water 680 gallons (2.57 m³) of oil and generates 6.93 tons of CO₂. In the USA, 36% of the fibers used to make new paper come from recycled

sources (paperrecycles.org).

RECYCLING

Recycling 1 kg of **steel** saves: 1.25 kg of iron ore 0.50 kg of coal 0.02 kg of limestone



*Assumes recycled materials would otherwise have been disposed in a landfill. *Source*: http://www.epa.gov/climatechange/wycd/waste/downloads/energy.pdf

Energy Consumed/Avoided from MSW Management Options (Million Btu's/Ton)					
Material	Source Reduction for Current Mix of Inputs*	Recycling	Combustion	Landfilling	
Aluminum Cans	-103.25	-184.99	0.12	0.53	
Steel Cans	-26.45	-19.97	-17.04	0.53	
Glass	-6.49	-2.13	0.08	0.53	
HDPE	-24.07	-18.99	-6.66	0.53	
LDPE	-35.26	-24.10	-6.66	0.53	
PET	-26.86	-22.20	-3.46	0.53	
Corrugated Cardboard	-18.26	-13.00	-2.51	0.51	
Magazines/third class mail	-32.83	-0.69	-1.87	0.52	
Newspaper	-31.41	-16.49	-2.83	0.52	
Office Paper	-31.90	-10.08	-2.42	0.49	
Phonebooks	-37.83	-11.93	-2.83	0.52	
Textbooks	-34.89	-1.03	-2.42	0.49	
Dimensional Lumber	-3.41	0.59	-2.96	0.52	
Medium Density Fiberboard	-11.19	0.86	-2.96	0.52	
Food Scraps	NA	NA	-0.85	0.52	
Yard Trimmings	NA	NA	-1.00	0.52	
Mixed Paper	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Broad Definition	NA	-6.65	-2.52	0.51	
Residential Definition	NA	-6.65	-2.10	0.51	
Office Paper Definition	NA	-13.95	-1.98	0.51	
Mixed Plastics	NA	-20.53	-4.92	0.53	
Mixed Recyclables	NA	-16.78	-2.65	0.51	
Mixed Organics	NA	NA	-0.93	0.52	
Mixed MSW	NA	NA	-1.78	0.52	

* "Current mix" refers to the current mix of virgin and recycled inputs. Most new materials are produced using some percentage of recycled inputs. These calculations account for this percentage, rather than assuming new products are produced from 100 percent virgin inputs.

Source: http://www.epa.gov/climatechange/wycd/waste/downloads/energy.pdf

BUILDING ENERGY CONSUMPTION

Private (small) house: (2,415 ft² in average, with 2.5 people in average \rightarrow 966 ft²/person) Space heating: 30% Appliances: 27% (incl. washer, dryer, TV) Water heating: 15% Space cooling: 9% Refrigeration: 9% Lighting: 6% Cooking: 4% -----Total: 100%

Retail & Warehousing: (from U.S. Dept. of Energy) Typical store in a shopping mall: 9.7 kWh/ft² Warehouse storage (> 10,000 ft²): 5.0 kWh/ft²

Acrylonitrile 111,000 51,400 Aluminum - wrought 196,000 26,700 Aluminum - cast 189,000 26,000 Aluminum - sheet 279,720 40,320 Automotive fluids, (transmission, brake 52,000 and steering fluids) Automotive anti-freeze 76,000 Alutomotive engine oil 60,200 Altomotive engine oil 60,200 Alpha alumina 267,000 Beta alumina 267,000 Brass 100,000 45,000 Butadiene 111,000 51,400 Copper 60,000 45,000 Fiberglass 66,500 40,000 Glass - sintered 48,000 Iron 34,000 27,200 Nylon 119,000 32,100 Polycarbonate 158,000 48,100 Polycarbonate 158,000 48,100 Polyethylene 106,000<	To make 1 kg of	Energy required (in kJ)	Energy required (in kJ)
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